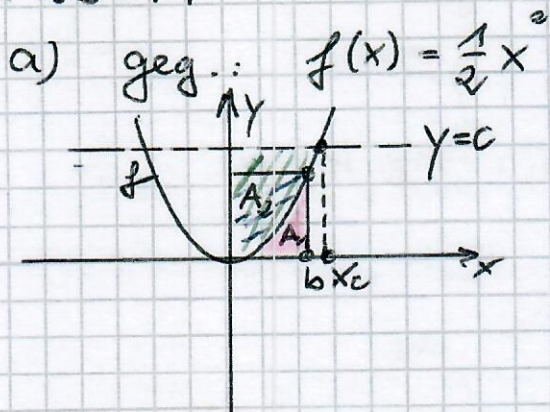


S. 23317



$A_1 = 288 \text{ FE}$ (rote Fläche)

$$288 = \int_0^b \frac{1}{2}x^2 dx$$

GTR: SOLVE(288=..., b)

$b = 12$

b) geg.: $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2$

$A_2 = 288 \text{ FE}$ (blau Fläche)

$$288 = \int_0^b \frac{1}{2}b^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 dx$$

GTR: SOLVE(288=..., b)

$b \approx 9,52$

c) geg.: $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2$, $y=c$ $A_3 = 72 \text{ FE}$

$$72 = \int_0^{x_c} c - \frac{1}{2}x^2 dx$$

NR: $f(x) = c$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 = c \wedge x^2 = 2c$$

$$x_{1,2} = \pm \sqrt{2c} = x_{c,1,2}$$

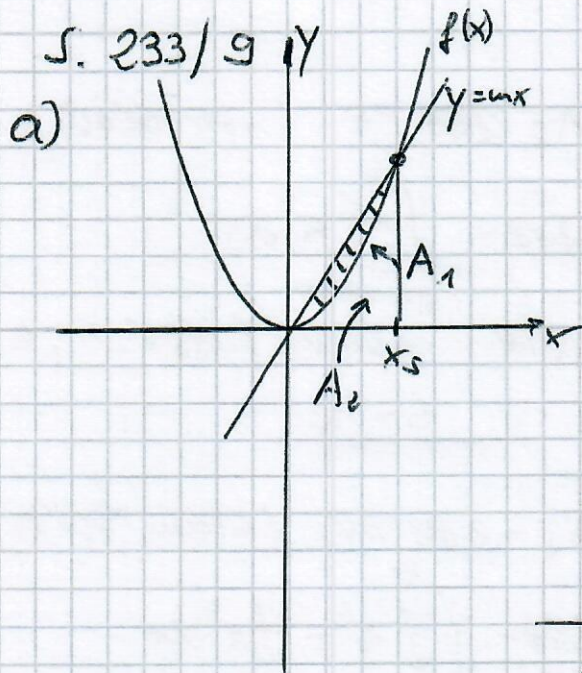
$$72 = \int_0^{\sqrt{2c}} c - \frac{1}{2}x^2 dx$$

GTR: SOLVE(72=..., c)

$c = 18$

bzw.: $72 = 2 \cdot \int_0^{x_c} c - \frac{1}{2}x^2 dx$ (Fläche links u. rechts von y-Ax.)

$c \approx 11,34$



geg. $f(x) = x^2$
 $y = mx$

ges. $A_1 = h(m)$

Lös.:

$$A_1 = \int_0^{x_s} mx - x^2 dx$$

NR: $mx = x^2 \Rightarrow 0 = x^2 - mx$

$$0 = x(x - m)$$

$$x_{s1} = 0 \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad x_{s2} = m$$

$$A_1 = \int_0^m mx - x^2 dx = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{6} m^3}}$$

b) $A_1 : A_2$ stehen unabhängig von m im gleichen Verhältnis

$$A_1 = \frac{1}{6} m^3 \quad / \quad A_2 = \int_0^m x^2 dx = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{3} m^3}}$$

$$A_1 : A_2 = \frac{1}{6} m^3 : \frac{1}{3} m^3 = \underline{\underline{1 : 2}}$$